



introducing

# ***#HolisticBusinessAnalysis***

April 28<sup>th</sup> 2022  
by Stefan Bossuwé

# overview session

- intro
- definitions & concepts
- how to apply in practice
- conclusion
- Q&A

**intro**

**about the speaker  
&  
this session**

## about the speaker ...



- almost 30 years professional experience in various roles in about 20 different industries
- passionate about business analysis
- first CBAP® in Belgium & Luxembourg
- co-founder, former President & current Ambassador of IIBA® Brussels Chapter (covering Belgium & Luxembourg)
- IIBA's EMEA Regional Deputy Director for Europe
- content provider of IIBA's Knowledge Hub
- spends much of his time on promoting the BA profession

# about this session

- this session will:
  - invite you to see the BA profession beyond the tasks and techniques
  - invite you to see your organisation as a whole as well as a collection of its parts
  - introduce you to concepts & techniques essential to Holistic Business Analysis

# about this session

- this session is intended for:
  - business analysts both experienced and starters
  - people & organisations interested in business analysis
  - decision makers that want to improve their business

# holistic business analysis

## definitions & concepts

# International Institute of Business Analysis™

the core purpose of the IIBA® :

**“to unite a community of  
professionals to create better  
business outcomes”**

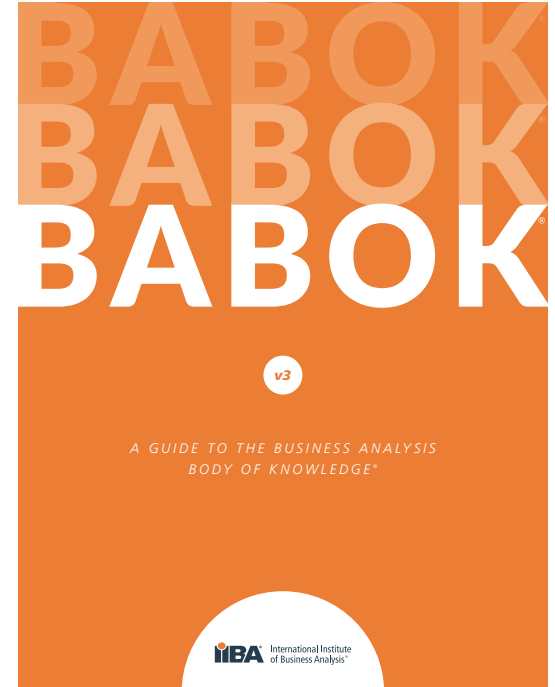


# Core Purpose of Business Analysis

**“the goal of business analysis is to facilitate and/or co-create better business outcomes”**

# a Guide to the Business Analysis Body of Knowledge<sup>®</sup> (*BABOK<sup>®</sup> Guide*) v3

- the only globally recognised standard for the practice of business analysis
- essential resource defining skills and knowledge required by business analysis professionals
- reflects collective knowledge of the global business analysis community
- provides a consensus-based description of business analysis





# definition of business analysis

- the practice of enabling **change** in an organisation by defining **needs** and recommending **solutions** delivering **value** to **stakeholders**
- enables an organisation to articulate **needs** and the rationale for **change**, and to design and describe **solutions** that can deliver **value**
- performed on a variety of initiatives within an enterprise i.e. **strategic**, **tactical** or **operational**
- may be performed within the boundaries of a project or throughout enterprise evolution and continuous improvement

# definition of holism

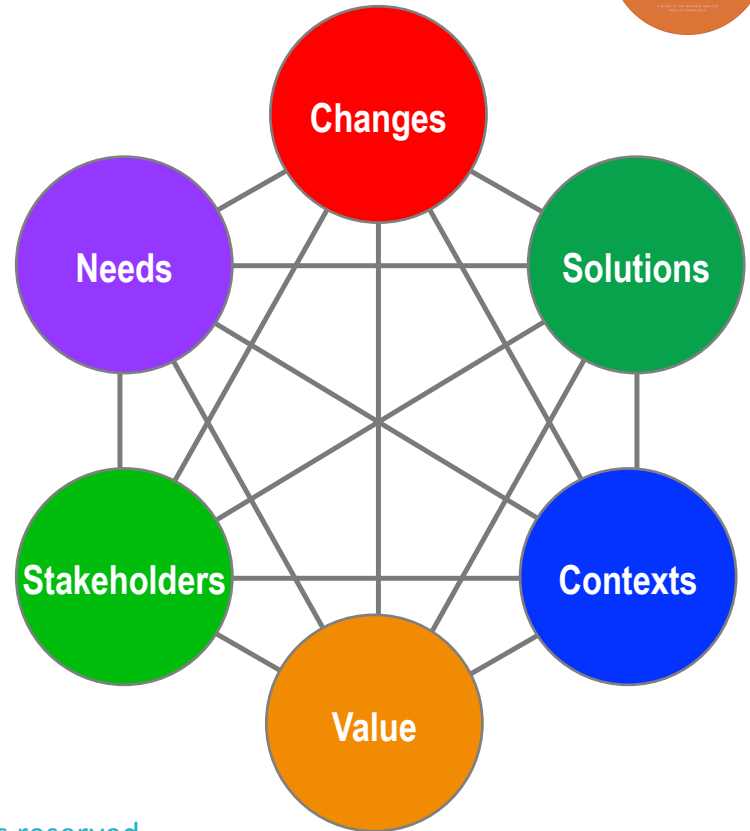
## ‘Holism’

- originates from the Greek word ‘holos’, which means ‘all’, ‘whole’, ‘entire’
- is the concept that systems (physical, biological, chemical, social, economic, etc.) should be viewed as wholes, not just as a collection of its parts
- as such, an organisation should be seen as a whole and not only as a collection of employees, business domain(s), customers, processes, systems, change initiatives, etc. ...

# Business Analysis Core Concept Model™ (BACCM™)



- conceptual framework for the business analysis profession
- each core concept is an idea fundamental to the practice of business analysis
- each core concept is defined by the other five core concepts & can only be fully understood until all the concepts are understood
- all core concepts hold equal importance or significance
- relevant from enterprise strategy to tactical implementation



requirements

**BABOK's**

**requirements classification**

# BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS

Key Word: **WHY**



## DEFINITION

- statements of goals, objectives, and outcomes that describe why a change has been initiated
- can apply to the whole of an enterprise, a business area, or a specific initiative

## EXAMPLE

- as a leading food retailer, we want to create new business by profiling us as a company that cares about people with food constraints, no matter if those exist because of medical (e.g. allergies, intolerances) or religious (e.g. kosher, halal) reasons, or because of personal conviction or lifestyle (e.g. vegetarian, vegan)

# STAKEHOLDER REQUIREMENTS

Key Word: **WHAT**



## DEFINITION

- needs of stakeholders that must be met in order to achieve the business requirements
- may serve as a bridge between business and solution requirements

## EXAMPLE

- as a consumer with food allergies, I want to find effortlessly recipes that take those food allergies into account, so that I can enjoy the preparation of a meal instead of focusing on my restrictions



# SOLUTION REQUIREMENTS

Key Word: **HOW**



## DEFINITION

- describe the *capabilities* and *qualities* of a solution that meets stakeholder requirements
- provide the appropriate level of detail to allow for the development and implementation of the solution
- two known sub-categories:
  - **functional requirements**: describe the *capabilities* that a solution must have in terms of the behavior and information that the solution will manage
  - **non-functional/quality/service requirements**: describe *conditions* under which a solution must remain effective or *qualities* that a solution must have

## EXAMPLE

- create a website where the consumer can create an account where he/she can
  - predefine a food profile
  - easily find recipes that meet the food profile
  - map the recipes with our products
  - make a shopping list
- the website should be secure and responsive

# TRANSITION REQUIREMENTS

Key Word: **CHANGE**



## DEFINITION

- describe the capabilities that the solution must have and the conditions the solution must meet to facilitate transition from the current state to the future state, but which are not needed once the change is complete
- differ from other requirement categories since they are of a temporary nature
- address topics such as data conversion, training, and business continuity

## EXAMPLE

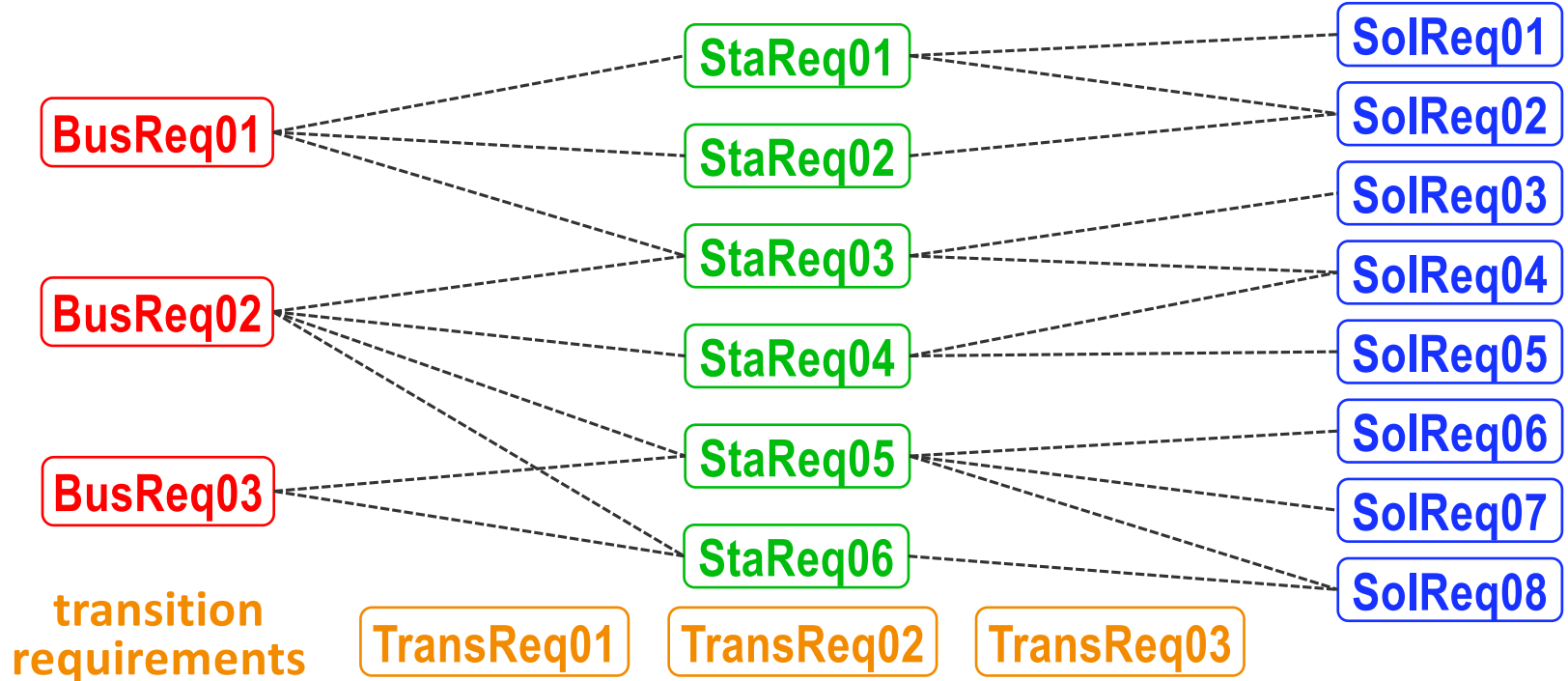
- set up a marketing campaign to promote the new website that will be available on smartphone, tablet and computer

# requirements classification schema

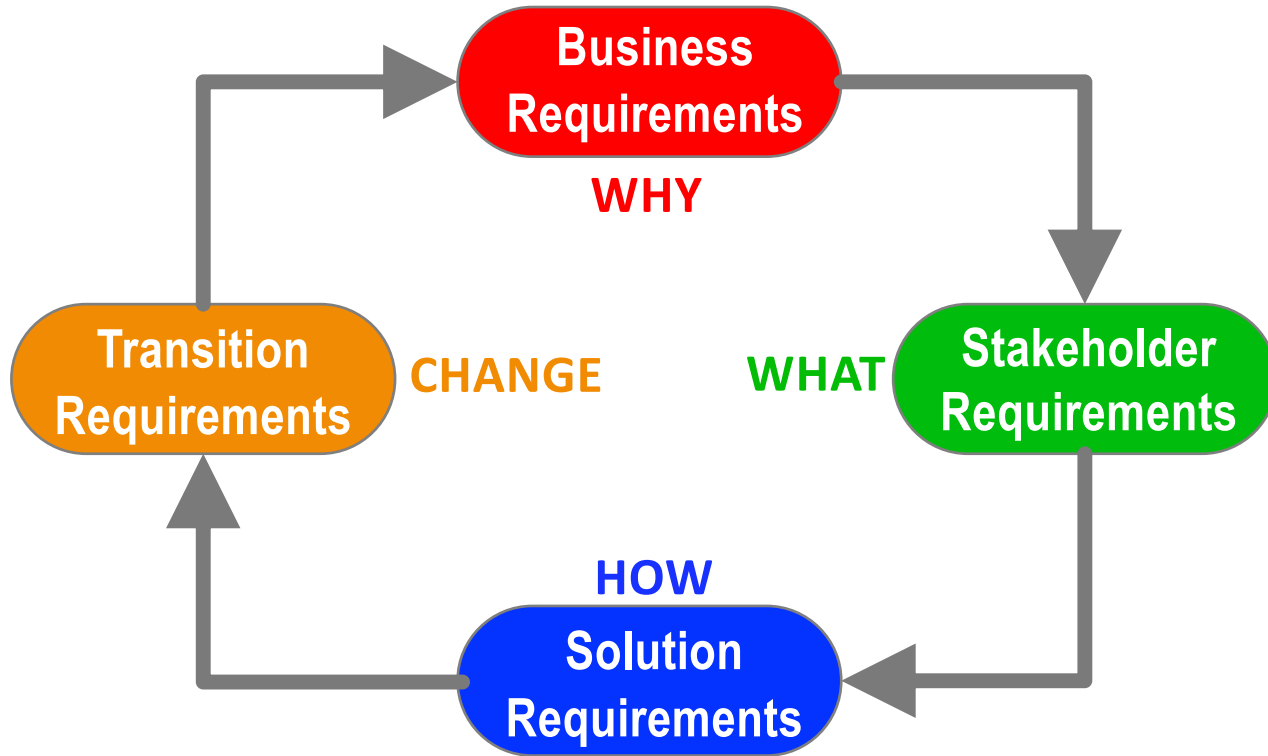
**business requirements**

**stakeholder requirements**

**solution requirements**



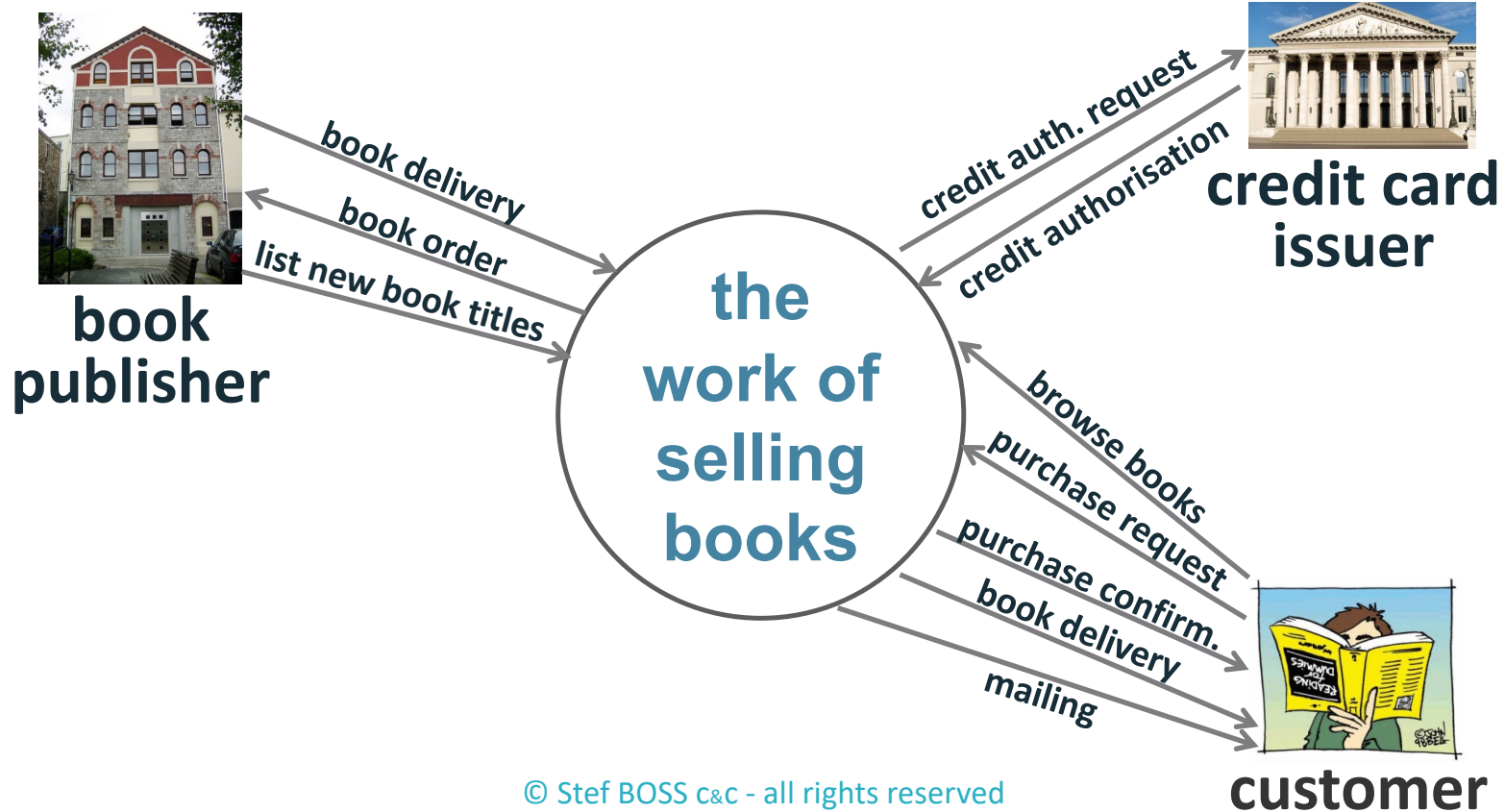
# requirements classification schema



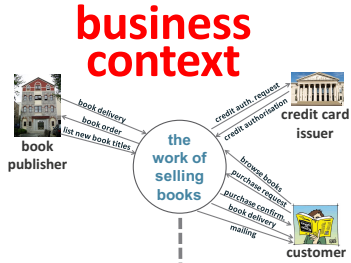
# holistic business analysis

## how to apply in practice

# business context model = business scope

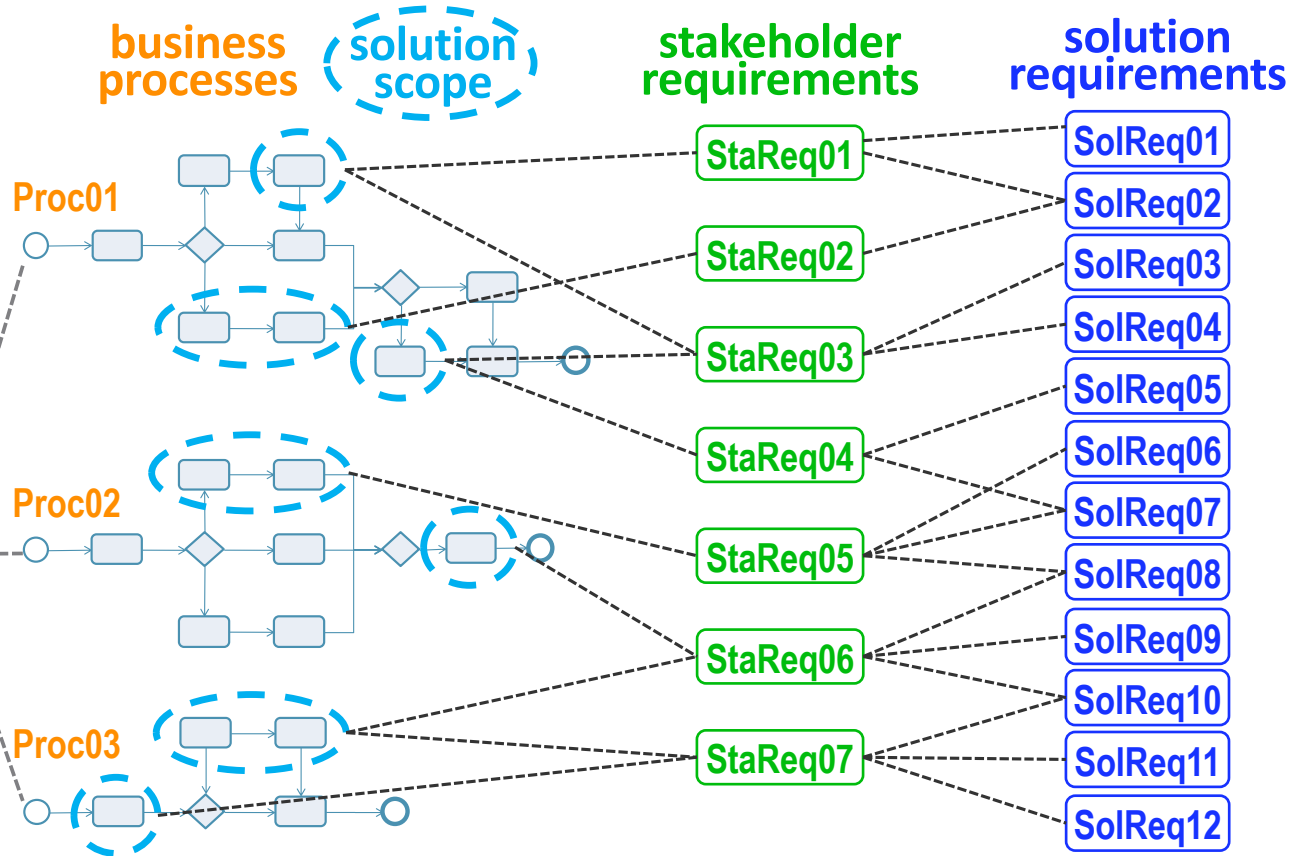


# overview



business event	incoming flow	outgoing flow	business service
customer looks for new books	• browse books		provide book catalogue
customer wants to make purchase	• purchase request • credit authorisation	• credit auth. request • purchase confirm.	sell books
monthly mailing		• mailing	inform customer new books
books ready to ship		• book delivery	process orders • deliver books
announcement new book titles	• list new book titles		process new book titles • add to catalogue
popular books low on inventory or missing		• book order	order books
books delivered to warehouse	• receive book(s)		process • store incoming books

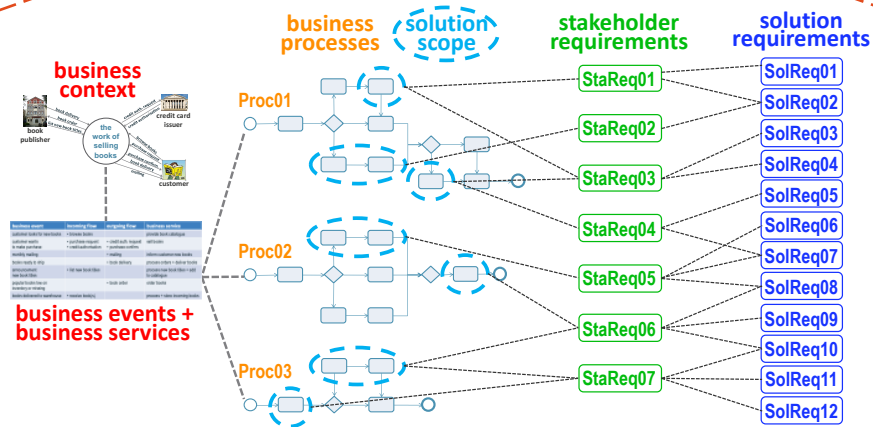
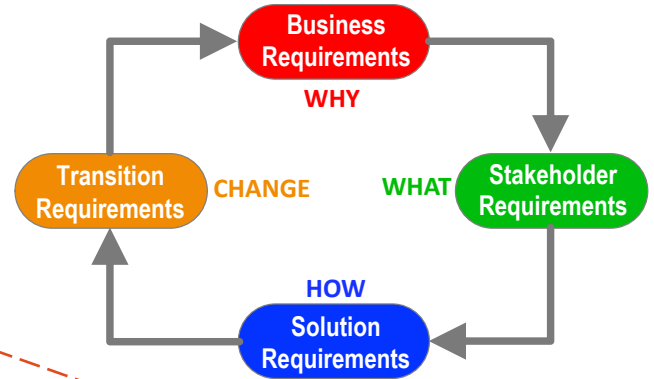
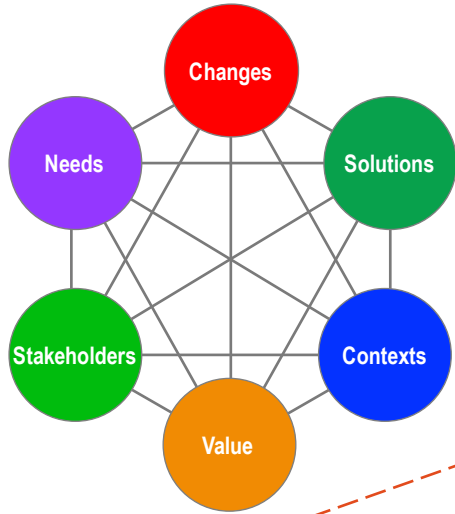
## business events + business services



# holistic business analysis

# conclusion





# inspiration + reference material

- *BABOK<sup>®</sup> Guide*

<https://www.iiba.org/career-resources/a-business-analysis-professionals-foundation-for-success/babok/>

- **Mastering the Requirements Process**  
(aka 'Volere') by Suzanne & James Robertson

<https://www.volere.org/course/mastering-the-requirements-process/>

## professional body

- International Institute of Business Analysis™ (IIBA®)

<https://www.iiba.org>

- IIBA® Brussels Chapter

<https://brussels.iiba.org>